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EARTH DRILLING AND BORING SYSTEM

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to earth drilling and boring machines, systems and methods and more particularly to earth drilling systems that allow directional control of the drilling axis prior to and after earth entry for boring purposes. The new drilling system and method uses a flexible and rotateable drilling pipe or tube powered by a machine and having a drill bit.

10 [0002] Earth drilling and boring machines have been known for many years. Such machines and systems have been used to drill into the earth to gain access to oil, water and other resources as well as to create holes and bores to route man made elements such as gas lines, electrical or communication conduits and the like.

[0003] Earth drilling in a generally horizontal direction is also known. Such drilling is generally accomplished by use of a drilling machine that powers a rotating drill string or a pneumatic compression mole that is introduced at a slant angle to the earth to then be guided in an arcuate path to for example create a borehole under a roadway or a building. This method requires sufficient space on either side of a structure to allow drilling at a slant angle.

[0004] An alternative used in situations where sufficient space does not exist is to trench adjacent the structure, e.g., roadway, and locate a drilling machine in the trench. Short lengths of pipe may be joined in sequence as the boring operation proceeds through the earth. This operation may be time consuming and inefficient as compared to the slant angle drilling methods.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0005] The present invention is directed to systems and methods for drilling boreholes in the earth having a drilling rig with a power source attached to a

rotateable pipe or tube container. A drill pipe or tube may be attached to and retainable in the rotateable pipe container that also may have an aperture therein through which an end of the drill pipe or tube may be extended and retrieved. A drill bit may be attached to an end of the drill pipe or tube. A drive mechanism may be positioned adjacent to the aperture for receipt and movement of the drill pipe or tube therethrough.

[0006] These and other features, aspects and advantages of the present invention will become better understood with reference to the following drawings, description and claims.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0007] Figure 1/illustrates a schematic side elevation representation of a drilling rig in use for drilling a horizontal borehole;

15 [0008] Figure 2 illustrates a partial sectional view of a drill pipe;

[0009] Figure 3 illustrates an end cross-sectional view of a drill pipe;

[0010] Figure 4 illustrates a partial sectional view of a drill pipe with sectional coupling;

[0011] Figure 5 illustrates a schematic side view of a drill pipe drive mechanism;

[0012] Figure 6 illustrates a schematic partial view of a drill pipe drive mechanism and drill pipe;

[0013] Figure 7 illustrates an end cross-sectional view of a drill pipe drive mechanism and drill pipe;

25 [0014] Figure 8 illustrates a schematic side view of a drill pipe drive mechanism according to an embodiment of the invention;

[0015] Figure 9 illustrates a schematic side elevation representation of a prior art drilling machine;

[0016] Figure 10 illustrates a schematic side elevation representation of a drilling machine according to an embodiment of the invention;

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Figure 11 illustrates a partial schematic perspective side elevation [0017] view of the drilling machine taken at line A - A of Figure 10 according to an embodiment of the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0018] The following detailed description is the best currently contemplated modes for carrying out the invention. The description is not to be taken in a limiting sense, but is made merely for the purpose of illustrating the general principles of the invention.

100191 Referring to Figure 1, a drilling rig 10 may include a transport vehicle 12 with drilling fluid equipment 14, power source 16 and drilling machine 20 installed thereon. The drilling machine 20 may have rotation support 22 supporting pipe container 24 that may be rotated about axis 26 by power source 16. A drill pipe 60 may be contained in and extend from the pipe container 24 through aperture 28. While pipe may be used as a general descriptor, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that this may include Rexible drill pipe, tubing and the like.

[0020] A drill pipe drive mechanism 40 may be positioned rearward of aperture 28. Drill pipe 60 may be moved through the drive mechanism 40 in a forward or rearward direction. As the drill pipe 60 is moved through the drive mechanism 40 in a rearward direction the drill pipe 60 may be routed through a conduit 80 to guide it to drill in for example a horizontal direction in the earth 100. As drilling progresses drill pipe 80 may be supplied from pipe container 24.

[0021] The conduit 80 may be attached rearward of the drive mechanism 40 and positioned to have a drilling end 82 located in a trench 122, hole or other prepared entry opening for horizontal drilling in the earth 120. The conduit 80 may also have a rotation connector 84 that may be attached to the vehicle 12 to aid in initial guiding of the drill pipe 60 and drill bit 110. While a

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generally horizontal rotation connector 84 is illustrated, other connection joints may be used as for example a three dimensional universal rotation connector (not shown). Also, the drilling end 82 of the conduit 80 may have other directional orientations than the illustrated generally horizontal drilling direction.

[0022] The drill bit 110 may be a directional drill bit with a slanted or spade front surface element to aid in changing direction when drilling in the earth. When the drill pipe 60 is not rotating the drill bit 110 may be urged forward using drilling fluid and drive mechanism 40. The slanted front surface of the drill bit 110 may cause the drill bit 110 to move away from the previous boring axis. When the drill pipe 60 is rotating the drill bit 110 may tend to bore in a straight line axis. Also, a mud motor apparatus may be used for applying rotational torque to a drill bit by hydraulic action. The pumping of drilling fluid through the tubing 92 causes rotation of the drill bit without rotating the drill string or tubing 92. The tubing 92 may be rotated for directional steering, see Figure 10. A mud motor has a slight bend in it that may cause turning as the drill bit progresses through the earth.

[0023] Referring to Figures 2 through 4, a drill pipe 60 may have an inner conduit 62 for flow of fluid, such as, drilling mud, under pressure to aid in drill bit 80 cutting as such cutting is understood in the art. A wire coil 64 may be located coaxially around the inner conduit 62. The wire coil 64 may have coil elements 66 oriented at an angle other than orthogonal to the drill pipe axis 68. As illustrated in Figure 2 the coil elements 66 are oriented at an approximate 70 degree angle from the drill pipe axis 68.

[0024] A second wire coil 70 may be located coaxially around the wire coil 64. The second wire coil 70 may have second coil elements 72 oriented at an angle other than orthogonal to the drill pipe axis 68. As illustrated in Figure 2 the second coil elements 72 are oriented at an approximate 110 degree angle from the drill pipe axis 68 as measured in the same angular rotation as coil elements 66.

30 [0025] Wire 74, flexible metal rods or the like may be positioned

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intermediate the wire coil 64 and second wire coil 70 that may provide additional longitudinal support for drill pipe 60. The wire coils 62, 70 and the wire 74 may be attached along the longitudinal length by for example welding or other appropriate attachment methods. The drill pipe elements 62, 66, 70, 74 may be fastened in a coupling 76 at each end thereof. The couplings 76 may be used for attachment of a drill bit, for attachment to a pipe container and for attachment to the output of a drilling fluid equipment system. The couplings 76 may also be used to connect two sections of drill pipe as illustrated in Figure 4.

[0026] Referring to Figure 5 through 7, a drill pipe drive mechanism 40 may have a pair of rotating gear mechanisms 42 that engage and drive a pair of continuous loop chains 44. Drive blocks 46 may be attached at sides 48, 50 thereof between chains 44. The drive blocks 46 may have a pipe trough 52 with ridges 54 for engaging the coil elements or second coil elements of a drill pipe 60 to be moved through the drive mechanism 40. The drill pipe 60 may be supported for movement through the drive mechanism 40 by a guide trough 56 positioned opposite the path of the drive blocks 46.

[0027] In operation, when the gear mechanism 42 is rotated to move chains 44 and drive blocks 46, the drill pipe 60 may be moved through the drive mechanism 40 by engagement of the ridges 54 in drill pipe 60. When the pipe container 24 is rotated, as for example, to rotate the drill pipe 60 and drill bit 90 to cut into the earth, the movement of the drive mechanism 40 may be synchronized with the rotation of the pipe container 24 to inhibit retraction of the drill pipe 60 into the pipe container 24. The drive mechanism 40 may also be operated at a speed during any such rotation motion to urge the drill pipe 60 and drill bit 90 forward into the earth to advance the bore hole formation. When desired, the drive mechanism 40 may be operated to retract the drill pipe 60.

[0028] Referring to Figure 8, a drill pipe drive mechanism 40 may have a rotating gear mechanism 58 to move the drill pipe 60 therethrough. The gear elements 59 may have gear teeth (not shown) that engage the coil elements of the drill pipe 60. Movement and synchronization would be similar to that

described above.

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[0029] While the invention has been shown and described using a drill pipe 60 having one or more wire coils, other flexible drilling pipe or tubing may be used. Referring to Figure 9, a conventional drilling machine 20 has a reel 90 on which coiled steel tubing 92 may be wound as commonly understood by those skilled in the art. The tubing 92 is routed through a tube guide 94 that may be supported by a tube guide support 96 attached to the reel axis 98. As the tubing 92 is unwound it may be guided through and moved by an injector unit 100 for drilling into the earth. The tubing 92 may have a hydraulic or jet spray drill bit 110 attached thereto.

[0030] Coiled steel tubing 92 may also be used in the drilling machine 20 illustrated in Figure 1. The drive mechanism 40 may be modified to facilitate movement of the tubing 92 in a rearward and forward direction by use of an injector unit 100 or a variation thereof.

[0031] Referring to Figures 10 and 11, the drive mechanism 40 may be replaced with a reel 90 and appropriate reel support 22 elements as well as fluid connection to the drilling fluid equipment 14 and power source 16 illustrated in Figure 1. A tube guide 94 may be structured to guide the tubing 92 from the reel 90 to exit the tube guide 94 at tube aperture 95 coincident with the reel axis 98. The tube guide 94 may be supported by a guide support arm 102. The guide support arm 102 and tube guide support 96 may be attached to the reel axis 98 by rotating coupling 104 located with a reel mount 106. The tubing 92 may be unreeled and moved by drive mechanism or injector unit 100 to drill into the earth. When it is desired to change the drilling direction the tube guide 94 may be rotated by engaging rotating coupling 104 to lock reel 90 and tube guide 94. Rotating the reel 90 may cause the tube guide 94 and tubing 92 to rotate thereby causing the drill string and drill bit 110 to rotate and change the down hole orientation.

[0032] Referring to Figures 2 through 4, the drill pipe 60 may be fabricated in lengths for use with rigid steel drill pipe (not shown). The drill pipe 60 may

then be inserted in a drill pipe string to add flexibility to such drill pipe string. Drill pipe 60 may also be used to form larger portions of a drill pipe string for down hole drilling flexibility.

[0033] While the invention has been particularly shown and described with respect to the illustrated and preferred embodiments thereof, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that the foregoing and other changes in form and details may be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention.